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International application number: PCT/US05/006849

International filing date: 02 March 2005 (02.03.2005)

Document type: Certified copy of priority document

Document details: Country/Office: US  
Number: 60/552,618  
Filing date: 12 March 2004 (12.03.2004)

Date of receipt at the International Bureau: 31 March 2005 (31.03.2005)

Remark: Priority document submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b)



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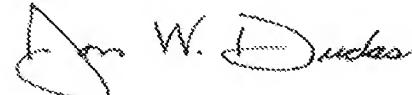
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17698 U.S.PTO

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This is a request for filling a PROVISIONAL APPLICATION FOR PATENT under 37 CFR 1.53(c).

Express Mail Label No. EV 322400119 US

22154 U.S.PTO  
60/552618

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<input type="checkbox"/> Additional inventors are being named on the _____ separately numbered sheets attached hereto					
TITLE OF THE INVENTION (500 characters max)					
VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL FOR A BED					
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ENCLOSED APPLICATION PARTS (check all that apply)					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Specification, claims and abstract	Number of Pages	12	<input type="checkbox"/> CD(s), Number	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Drawing(s)	Number of Sheets	14	<input type="checkbox"/> Other (specify)	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Application Data Sheet, See 37 CFR 1.76				
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Respectfully submitted,

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PROVISIONAL PATENT APPLICATION

of

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for

VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL FOR A BED

N1-15309

Attorney Docket No. 8266-1270

## VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL FOR A BED

### Cross-Reference to Related Application

5 The disclosure of U.S. Patent Application Serial No. 10/225,780, filed August 22, 2002, is expressly incorporated by reference herein.

### Background of the Invention

The present invention relates to patient supports, such as hospital beds. More particularly, the present invention relates a variable height siderail which is  
10 configured to close gaps that may exist between components on a patient support.

### Brief Description of the Drawings

The detailed description particularly refers to the accompanying figures in which:

15 Fig. 1 is a perspective view of an illustrative embodiment patient support including a pair of head end siderails, and a pair of foot end siderails, showing the head end siderails and the foot end siderails in raised positions;

Fig. 2 is a side elevation view of the patient support of Fig. 1, showing the head end siderail and foot end siderails in lowered positions;

20 Fig. 3 is a front elevational view of the head end siderail in a raised position, wherein the head rail member is in a raised position and the rail extension is in an extended position;

25 Fig. 4 is a front elevational view similar to Fig. 3, illustrating the head end siderail in a first intermediate position between the raised position and the lowered position;

Fig. 5 is a front elevational view similar to Fig. 3, illustrating the head end siderail in a second intermediate position below the first intermediate position and between the raised position and the lowered position;

30 Fig. 6 is a front elevational view similar to Fig. 3, illustrating the head end siderail in the lowered position, wherein the head rail member is in a lowered position and the rail extension is in a retracted position;

Fig. 7 is a perspective view of the linkage of the head end siderail, showing the latch in a locked position preventing movement of the arms relative to the slide bracket;

5 Fig. 8 is a perspective view similar to Fig. 7, showing the latch in an unlocked position permitting movement of the arms relative to the slide bracket;

Fig. 9 is a cross-sectional view taken along line 9-9 of Fig. 3;

Fig. 10 is a front elevational view of the head end siderail, showing the springs cooperating with the inserts supporting the rail extension;

Fig. 11 is a rear perspective view of the head end siderail of Fig. 3;

10 Fig. 12 is a detail perspective view of the actuator and extension rail of the head end siderail of Fig. 3;

Fig. 13 is a front elevational view of the foot end siderail; and

Fig. 14 is a rear perspective view of the foot end siderail.

15 Detailed Description of the Drawings

A patient support 10 according to an illustrative embodiment of the present invention is shown in Figs. 1 and 2. Patient support 10 includes a frame 12, a deck 14, a pair of head end siderails 18, a pair of foot end siderails 20, a headboard 22, and a footboard 23. A conventional mattress (not shown) is supported by the deck 14 which includes a head section 14a, a seat section 14b, a thigh section 14c, and a foot section 14d, all of which are configured to move relative to one another in a manner known in the art.

Frame 12 illustratively includes a base frame 24 supported by a plurality of casters 25 and coupled to an intermediate frame 26 (Fig. 2). As known in the art, the intermediate frame 26 may be vertically moved relative to the base frame 24 by lift arms 27. The intermediate frame 26 includes a pair of longitudinally extending frame members 28 and a pair of laterally extending cross members 30. Head end siderails 18 each include a rail member 32 coupled to a linkage 34. Similarly, foot end siderails 20 each include a rail member 36 coupled to a linkage 38. Linkage 34 includes first and second longitudinally spaced support arms 40a and 40b which pivotally couple rail member 32 to a linkage base 42, while linkage 38 includes first and second longitudinally spaced support arms 44a and 44b which pivotally couple rail member 36 to a linkage base 46. Both head end siderails 18 and foot end

siderails 20 may be raised and lowered by rotating or "clocking" rail members 32 and 36 about the respective arms 40 and 44. More particularly, head end siderails 18 are configured to be moved in a direction toward the headboard 22, while foot end siderails 20 are configured to be moved in a direction toward the footboard 23.

5 While the following description details linkage base 42 for supporting linkage 34 of head end siderail 18, the linkage base 46 has a substantially identical structure for supporting linkage 38 of foot end siderail 20. With reference to Figs. 3-8, linkage bases 42 and 46 each include a slide bracket 47 supported for lateral sliding movement along a pair of rods 48a and 48b. Rods 48a and 48b each have a first end supported by a downwardly extending mounting bracket 50 coupled to a lower surface 52 of the deck 14 and a second end supported by a flange 54 extending downwardly from the lower surface 52 and positioned laterally inwardly from the mounting bracket 50. Sliding of the slide bracket 47 along rods 48a and 48b permits lateral movement of linkage base 42, 46 and the respective siderail 18, 20 relative to deck 14. Head end siderails 18 are coupled to head section 14a by rods 48 and are configured to move with head section 14a, while foot end siderails 20 are coupled to foot section 14d by rods 48 and are configured to move with foot section 14d.

10

15

20 Rotatable rods 56a and 56b are coupled to first ends 57 of arms 44a and 44b, respectively, and pass through openings in the slide bracket 47. Rods 56a and 56b are coupled to a locking member 58 by tear drop shaped connecting links 60a and 60b, wherein rotation of the rods 56a and 56b causes movement of the locking member 58. Locking member 58 includes an opening 62 configured to slidably receive a latch member 64. Latch member 64 is spring biased laterally inwardly and is coupled to a handle 66. More particularly, latch member 64 is biased into opening 62 for preventing movement of locking member 58 relative to slide bracket 47 and, in turn, deck 14. As such, respective arms 40, 44 are prevented from rotating or clocking, and respective siderail 18, 20 is prevented from moving relative to deck 14. Pulling of handle 66 laterally outwardly results in the withdraw of latch member 62 from within opening 62, thereby freeing locking member 58 for movement relative to slide bracket 47. As such, respective arms 40, 44 are permitted to rotate or clock, and respective siderail 18, 20 is permitted to move relative to deck 14.

25

30

Referring to Figs. 2-6 and 9-12, head end rail member 32 includes a steel frame member 68 having a horizontal upper rail portion 70, a first vertical end rail

portion 72 coupled to a first end of the upper rail portion 70, and a second end rail portion 74 coupled to a second end of the upper rail portion 70. First ends 57 of support arms 40 are coupled to the deck 14 through slide bracket 47 as detailed above. Opposing second ends 78 of support arms 40 are coupled to a downwardly extending mounting bracket 80. Bracket 80 extends between first and second end rail portions 52 and 54 substantially parallel to upper rail portion 70. A plastic cane or cover 82 may be coupled to frame member 68. Similarly, a two-piece plastic housing 84 (Fig. 11) may be coupled to head end rail member 32 and may include operational controls, switches or buttons of the type known in the art.

10 Referring to Figs. 2, 13, and 14, foot end rail member 36 includes a steel frame member 88 having a horizontal upper rail portion 90, a first vertical end rail portion 92 coupled to a first end of the upper rail portion 90, and a second vertical end rail portion 94 coupled to a second end of the upper rail portion 90. First ends 96 of support arms 44 are coupled to deck 14 through slide bracket 47 as detailed above.

15 Opposing second ends 98 of support arms 44 are coupled to a downwardly extending bracket 100. Bracket 100 extends between first and second end rail portions 92 and 94 substantially parallel to upper rail portion 90. A plastic cane or cover 102 is illustratively coupled to the frame member 68. Preferably, frame members 68 and 88 of siderails 18 and 20 are substantially parallelogram shaped including slightly rounded corners.

20 The head end siderail 18 includes first and second tubular guides 104a and 104b extending vertically between mounting bracket 80 and upper rail portion 70. First and second vertical blocking members 106a and 106b extend between mounting bracket 80 and upper rail portion 70, intermediate first and second tubular guides 104a and 104b, and restrict the clearance therebetween. Horizontal blocking member 108a extends between end rail portion 72 and first guide 104a to reduce space therebetween. Horizontal blocking member 108b extends between end rail portion 74 and second guide 104b, and restricts clearance therebetween.

25 As with the head end siderail 18, the foot end siderail 20 includes first and second tubular guides 104a and 104b extending vertically between mounting bracket 100 and upper rail portion 90. Horizontal blocking member 108c extends between end rail portion 92 and guide 104a to reduce space therebetween, and horizontal

blocking member 108d extends between guides 104a and 104b to restrict clearance therebetween.

Rail extensions 110 and 112 are coupled to head end siderail 18 and foot end siderail 20, respectively. Each rail extension 110 and 112 is supported for  
5 translational movement relative to rail members 32 and 36 along generally vertical axes 114 and 116, respectively. Each rail extension 110, 112 illustratively comprises a steel bar or rail positioned directly below the respective siderail 18, 20 and extending in a longitudinal direction. The head end rail extension 18 includes a curved end portion 118 configured to close an end space 120 and prevent access thereto.  
10

Referring to Figs. 3, 9, 10 and 13, both rail extensions 110 and 112 are supported in identical manners by first and second upwardly extending inserts 122a and 122b. Each insert 122 illustratively comprises an elongated bar or rod having a lower end 124 coupled to one of rail extensions 110, 112 and an upper end 126  
15 slidably received within one of the tubular guides 104. A spring 128 is concentrically received around each insert 122 and is configured to bias the respective rail extension 110, 112 upwardly in the direction of arrow 129. The spring 128 illustratively comprises a conventional compression spring received between upper and lower retainers 130 and 132. Upper retainer 130 illustratively comprises a washer 134 secured to upper end 126 of insert 122 by a fastener 136, such as a screw. Lower retainer 132 illustratively comprises an end cap 138 threadably received within the lower end of guide 104. End cap 138 includes a concentric opening to slidably receive insert 122, and illustratively comprises a nylon bearing. Each guide 104 includes a stop surface 140 which establishes the retracted position of the rail  
20 extension 110, 112 by preventing continued upward movement thereof.  
25

Rail members 32 and 36 may assume a plurality of positions relative to deck 14. For example, rail member 32 is shown in a raised position in Fig. 3, in a lowered position in Fig. 6, and in intermediate positions between the raised position and the lowered position in Figs. 4 and 5. When rail member 32, 36 is in the raised position,  
30 rail extension 110, 112 is configured to assume an extended or lowered position extending below the rail member 32, 36. Rail extension 110, 112 blocks a gap 142 defined between the rail member 32, 36 and deck 14. When rail member 110, 112 is lowered, arms 40, 44 cause rail extension 110, 112 to lower. More particularly, arms

40, 44 support actuators 144, illustratively in the form of rotatably supported rollers, which contact the rail extension 110, 112 as the rail member 32, 36 is lowered. It should be appreciated that other actuators may be substituted for the rollers 144. More particularly, a pulley and cable system may be operably coupled with spring 5 128 thereby extending and compressing spring 128 for raising and lowering the extension rail 110, 112.

Initial contact between the rail extension 110, 112 and the actuators 144 causes initial vertical movement of the rail extension 110, 112 from the retracted position downwardly relative to rail member 32, 36. Further raising of rail member 10 32, 36 causes rail extension 110, 112 to move further downwardly such that when the rail member 32, 36 is fully raised, the rail extension 110, 112 is in the fully extended position. The rail extension 110, 112 does not impede the movement of the rail member 32, 36 between the raised and lowered positions. When siderail 18, 20 is in a 15 fully lowered position, rail extension 110, 112 is in the fully retracted position relative to rail member 32, 36. When siderail 18, 20 is not in a fully lowered position, the vertical position of rail extension 110, 112 relative to rail member 32, 36 is determined by contact with rollers 144 supported by arms 40, 44, and contact between rail extension 110, 112 and rollers 144 remains constant. As the arms 40, 44 move rail member 32, 36, the rollers 144 rotate and roll along an upper surface 146, 148 of 20 rail extension 110, 112. When siderail 18, 20 is in the fully raised position, rail extension 110, 112 is in the fully extended position relative to rail member 32, 36.

In operation, as the siderail 18, 20 is raised, rollers 144 push the rail extension 110, 112 down, compressing the springs 128 received within the guides 104 of the respective siderail 18, 20. As the siderail 18, 20 is lowered, the springs 128 bias the 25 extension rail 110, 112 upwardly toward the siderail 18, 20. The retracting extension rail 110, 112 allows the patient support 10 to achieve a lower "low" position, while still providing a siderail 18, 20 that fully stows, thereby allowing a zero-transfer gap between the patient support 10 and another patient support.

As illustrated in Fig. 9, each rail extension 110, 112 is configured to reduce 30 the size of gap 142 between deck 14 and respective siderail 18, 20. More particularly, rail extension 110, 112 is configured to maintain the size of gap 142 to less than 60 millimeters (mm) between respective siderail 18, 20 and deck 14. As illustrated in Fig. 6, the rail extension 110, 112 is further configured to maintain a clearance 149 of

greater than 120 millimeters (mm) between respective siderail 18, 20 and the floor 150 when siderail 18, 20 is in the lowered position and patient support 10 is in its lowest position (i.e., intermediate frame 26 is in its lowest position relative to base frame 24, and deck 14 is in its lowest position relative to intermediate frame 26).

5        Although the invention has been described in detail with reference to certain preferred embodiments, variations and modifications exist within the spirit and scope of the invention as described and defined in the following claims.

**CLAIMS:**

1. A siderail for use with a patient support, the siderail being configured to move between a raised position and a lowered position, the siderail comprising:

a rail member; and

5 a rail extension coupled to the rail member, the rail extension being configured to move between an extended position relative to the rail member when the siderail is in a raised position and a non-extended position relative to the rail member when the siderail is in a lowered position.

10 2. The siderail of claim 2, further comprising a linkage, wherein the linkage causes the rail extension to move between the extended and non-extended positions.

15 3. The siderail of claim 2, further comprising an actuator operably coupled to the linkage and configured to cause the rail extension to move between the extended and retracted positions.

4. The siderail of claim 3, wherein the actuator comprises at least one rotatably supported roller configured to engage an upper surface of the rail extension.

5. The siderail of claim 4, wherein the at least one roller is configured to roll along the upper surface of the rail extension as the rail member is moved into the raised position.

20 6. The siderail of claim 2, wherein the linkage is a clocking linkage.

7. The siderail of claim 2, wherein the rail extension is configured to move along a vertical axis relative to a lower edge of the rail member.

25 8. The siderail of claim 1, further comprising a linkage configured to permit raising and lowering of the rail member, wherein the rail extension is positioned above a first end of the linkage when the rail member is in the raised position and the rail extension is below the first end of the linkage when the rail member is in the lowered position.

30 9. The siderail of claim 8, wherein the patient support includes an articulated deck, the first end of the linkage being rotatably supported by the deck, and the second end of the linkage rotatably supporting the rail member.

10. A siderail for use with a patient support, the siderail comprising:  
a rail member;

a linkage supporting the rail member for vertical movement between a raised position and a lowered position; and

5           a rail extension operably coupled to the rail member, the rail extension being configured to move downwardly in response to movement of the linkage in a first direction and the rail extension being configured to move upwardly in response to movement of the linkage in a second direction opposite of the first direction.

11.       The siderail of claim 10, further comprising an actuator operably coupled to the linkage and configured to engage an upper surface of the rail extension as the rail member moves upwardly from the lowered position to the raised position.

10       12.      The siderail of claim 11, wherein the actuator comprises at least one rotatably supported roller configured to roll along the upper surface of the rail extension as the rail member is moved into the raised position.

13.       The siderail of claim 10, further comprising a biasing device operably coupled to the rail extension and configured to bias the rail extension upwardly.

15       14.      The siderail of claim 13, wherein the biasing device comprises a spring operably coupled intermediate the rail member and the rail extension.

15       15.      The siderail of claim 10, wherein the rail extension includes an upwardly extending guide member, and the rail member includes a tubular support configured to slidably receive the guide member.

20       16.      The siderail of claim 10, wherein the rail member includes a frame member, at least one vertical blocking member coupled to the frame member, and at least one horizontal blocking member coupled to the frame member.

25       17.      The siderail of claim 10, wherein the linkage includes a first arm and a second arm positioned in spaced relation to the first arm, each of the first arm and the second arm including a first end rotatably coupled to the patient support and a second end rotatably coupled to the rail member.

18.       A siderail for use with a patient support, the siderail comprising:  
a rail member supported for movement between a raised position and a lowered position;

30       a rail extension operably coupled to the rail member, the rail extension configured to move to a retracted position as the rail member moves to the lower position and configured to move to an extended position as the rail member moves to the upper position.

19. The siderail of claim 18, wherein the rail extension is positioned below the rail member, the rail extension in the retracted position being positioned closer to the rail member than the rail extension in the extended position.

5 20. The siderail of claim 18, further comprising a linkage operably coupled to the rail member, the linkage configured to cause the rail member to move between the upper position and the lower position and to cause the rail extension to move between the extended position and the retracted position.

10 21. The siderail of claim 18, further comprising an actuator operably coupled to the linkage and configured to cause the rail extension to move to the extended position as the rail member is moved to the raised position.

22. The siderail of claim 21, wherein the actuator comprises at least one rotatably supported roller configured to engage an upper surface of the rail extension.

15 23. The siderail of claim 22, wherein the at least one roller is configured to roll along the upper surface of the rail extension as the rail member is moved into the raised position.

24. The siderail of claim 18, further comprising a biasing device operably coupled to the rail extension and configured to bias the rail extension to the retracted position.

20 25. The siderail of claim 24, wherein the biasing device comprises a spring operably coupled intermediate the rail member and the rail extension.

26. The siderail of claim 18, wherein the rail extension includes an upwardly extending guide member, and the rail member includes a tubular support configured to slidably receive the guide member.

25 27. The siderail of claim 26, wherein the tubular support includes a stop to prevent continued movement of the rail extension from the extended position to the retracted position.

28. The siderail of claim 18, wherein the rail member includes a frame member, at least one vertical blocking member coupled to the frame member, and at least one horizontal blocking member coupled to the frame member.

30 29. The siderail of claim 18, wherein the linkage includes a first arm and a second arm positioned in spaced relation to the first arm, each of the first arm and the second arm including a first end rotatably coupled to the patient support and a second arm rotatably coupled to the rail member.

- 11 -

30. The siderail of claim 29, wherein the rail extension is positioned intermediate the first and second ends of the first and second arms when the rail member is in the raised position, and the rail extension is positioned below the first and second ends of the first and second arms when the rail member is in the lowered position.

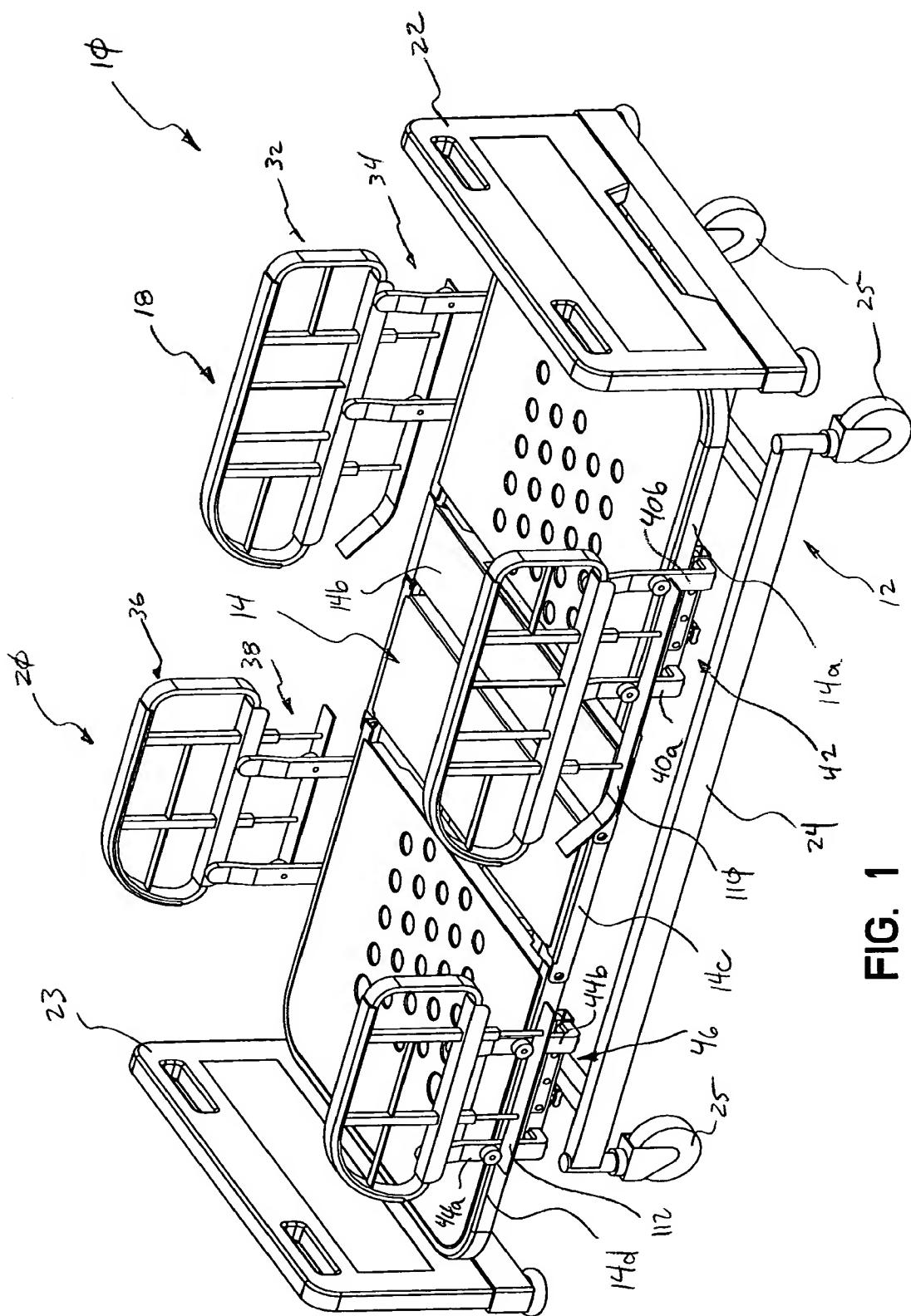
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Abstract of the Disclosure

A patient support includes a frame, a mattress supported by the frame, and a  
5 set of siderails configured to block the egress of a patient from the patient support.  
The siderails are configured to reduce gaps defined between the siderails and other  
components of the patient support.

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VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL  
FOR A BED  
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Serial No.: Unknown  
Attorney Docket: 8266-1270  
Sheet 1 of 14



1  
FIG.

## VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL FOR A BED

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Sheet 2 of 14

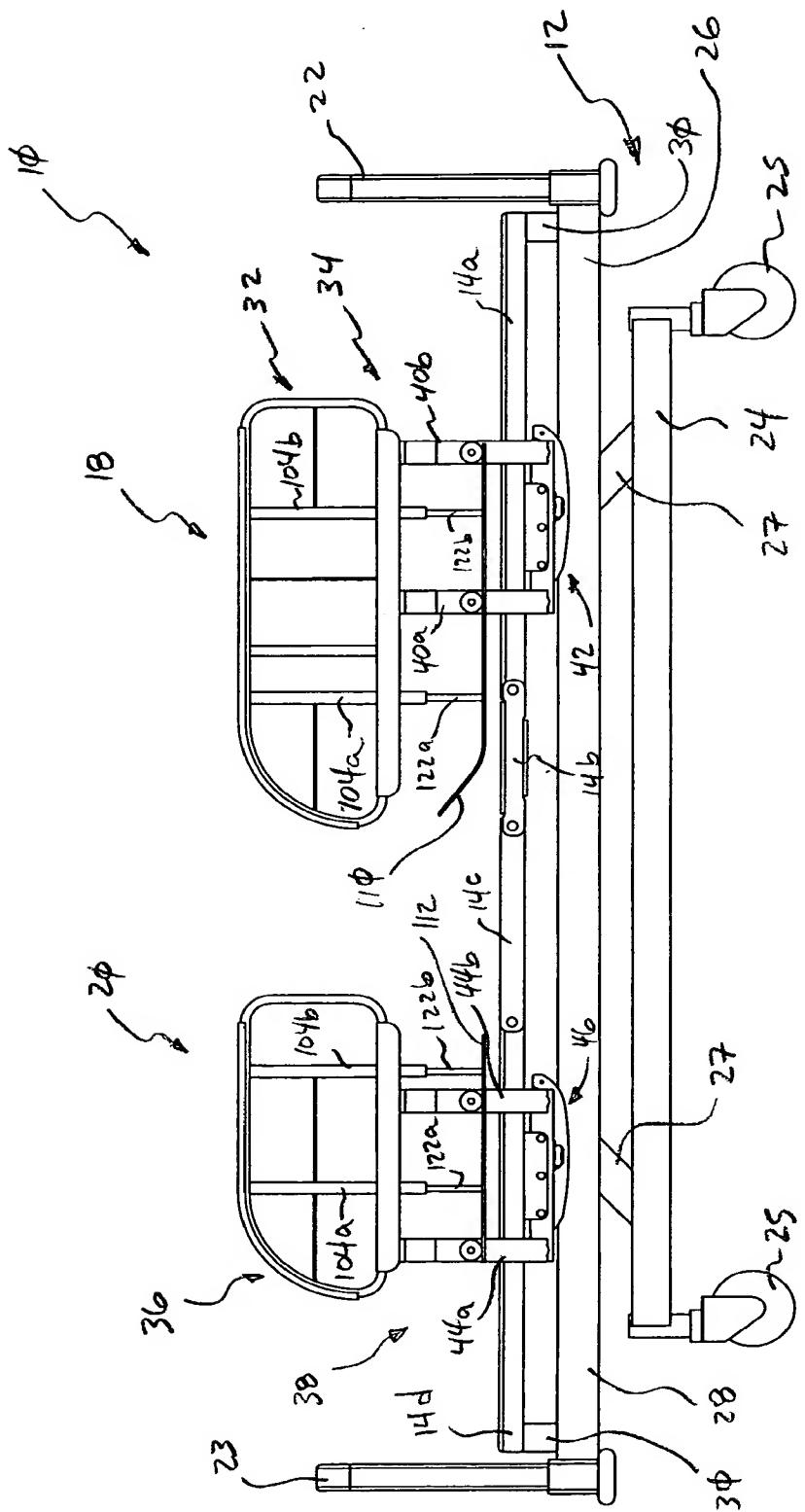
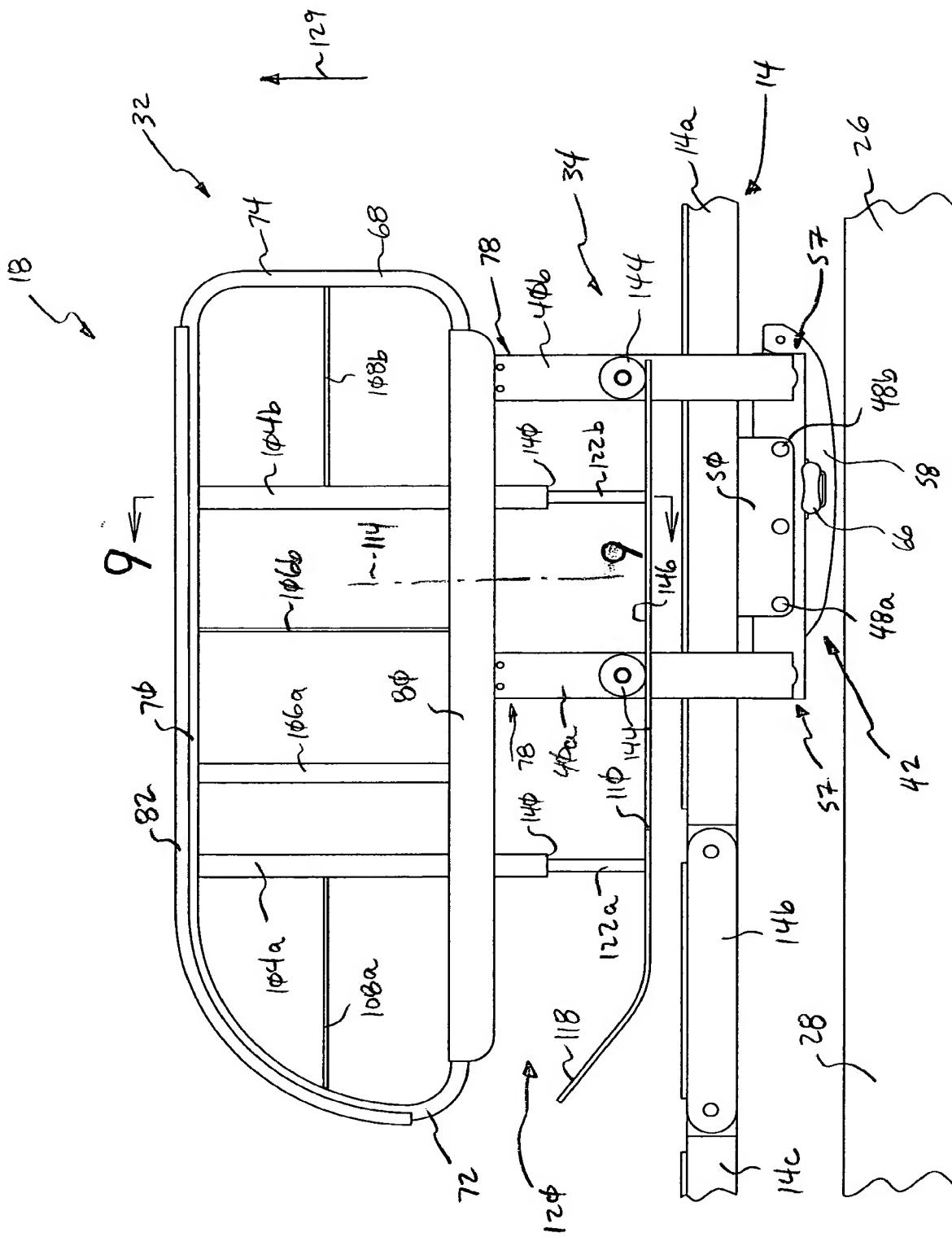


FIG. 2

VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIR  
FOR A BED  
Inventors: Jeffrey A. Ruschke  
Serial No.: Unknown  
Attorney Docket: 8266-1270  
Sheet 3 of 14



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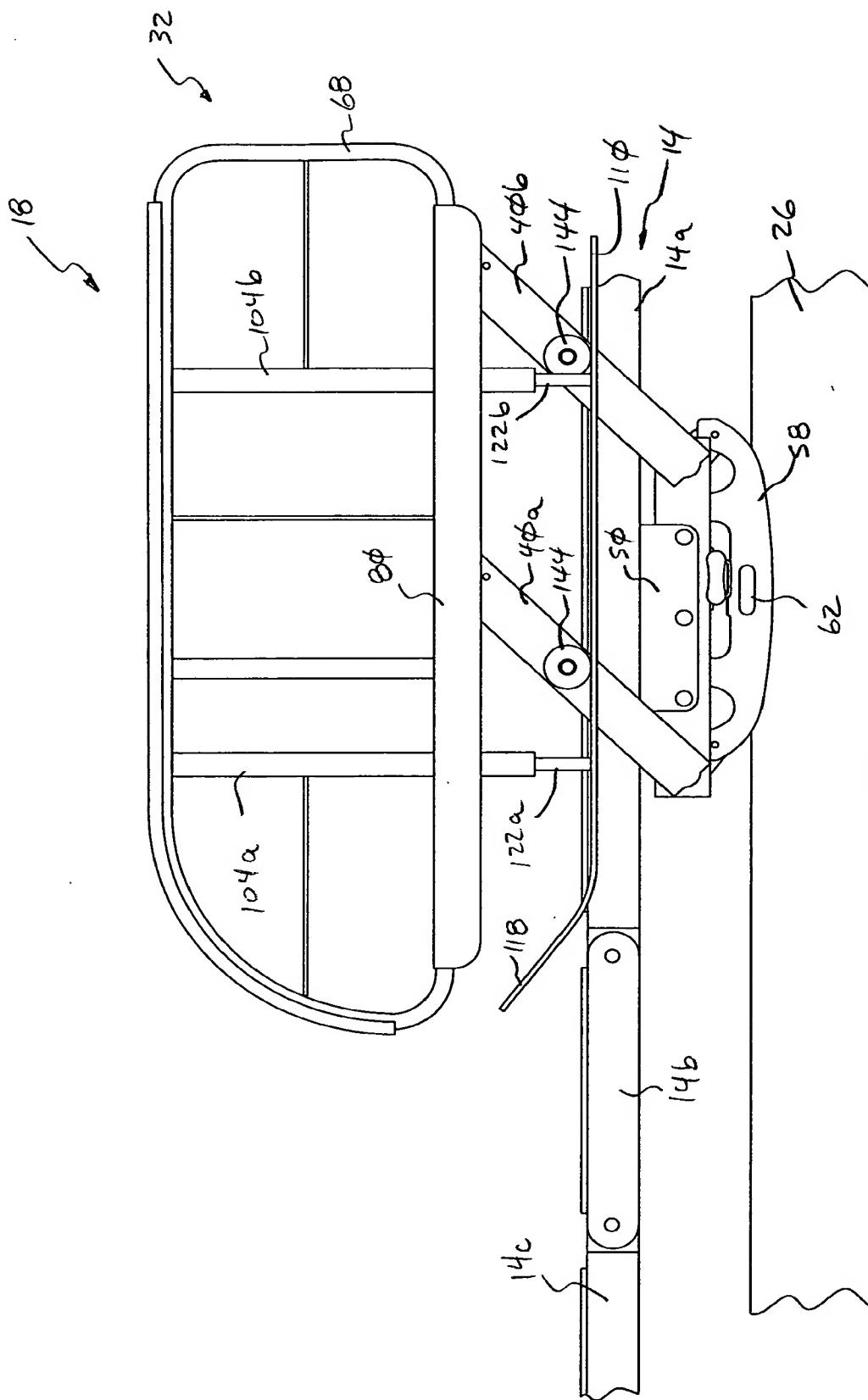


FIG. 4

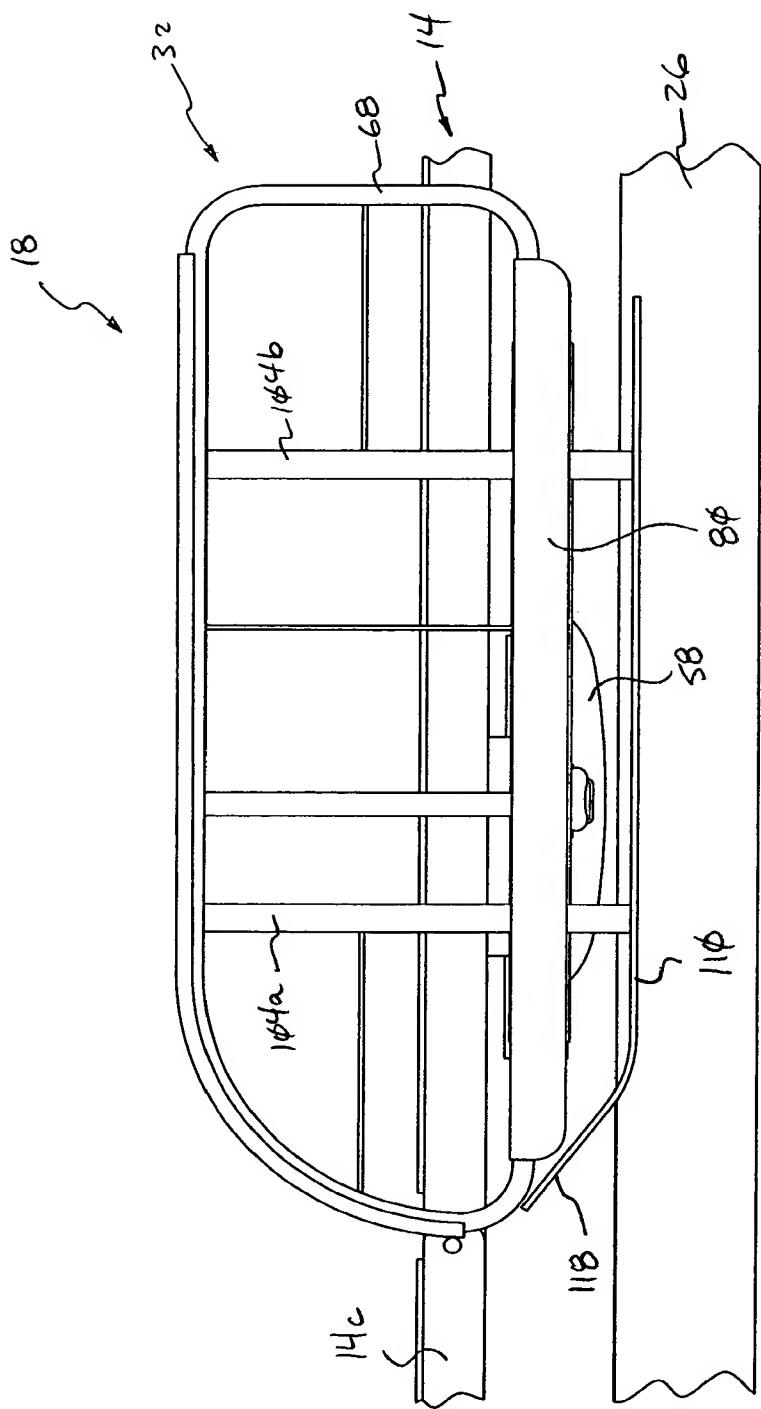


FIG. 5

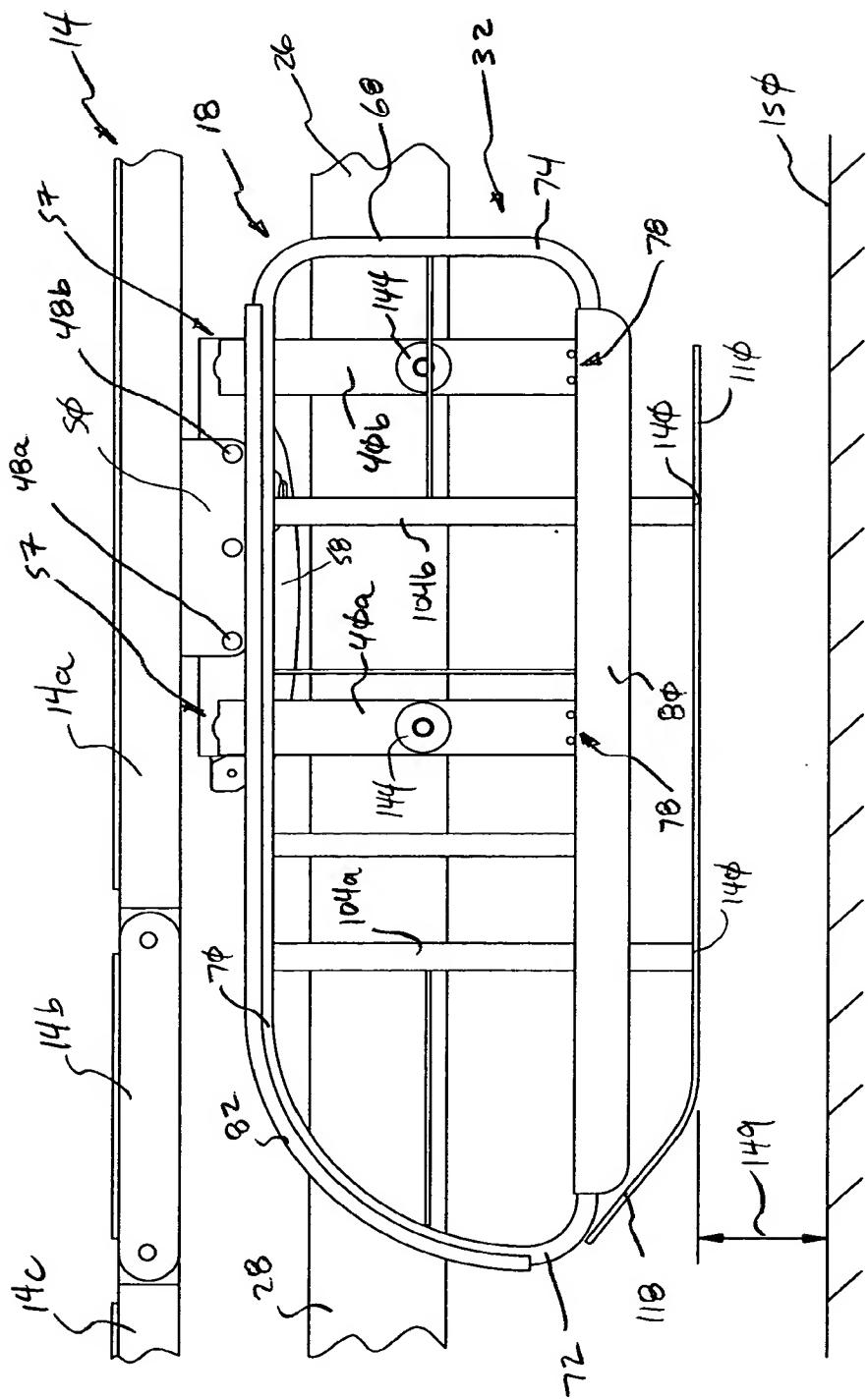


FIG. 6

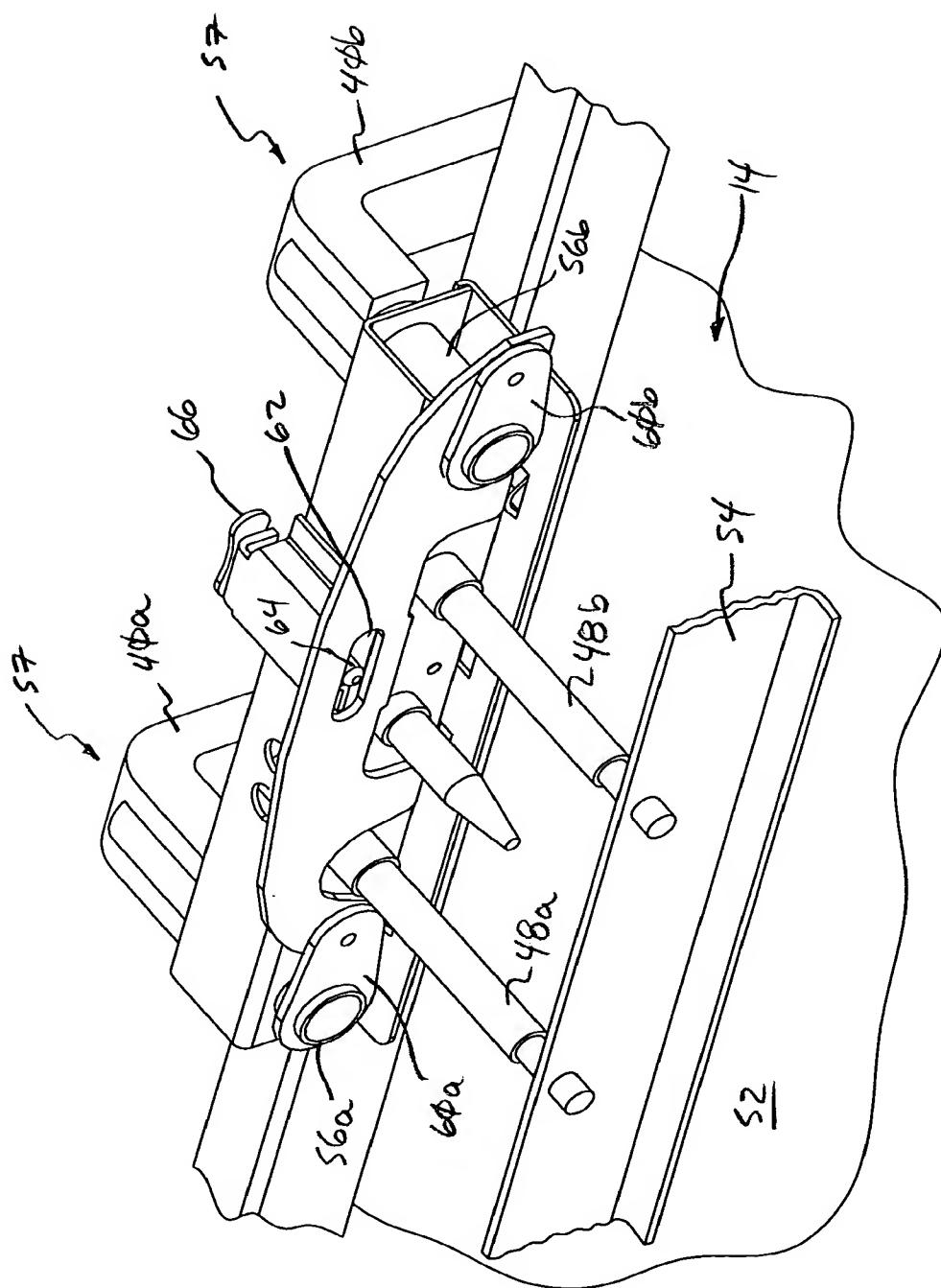
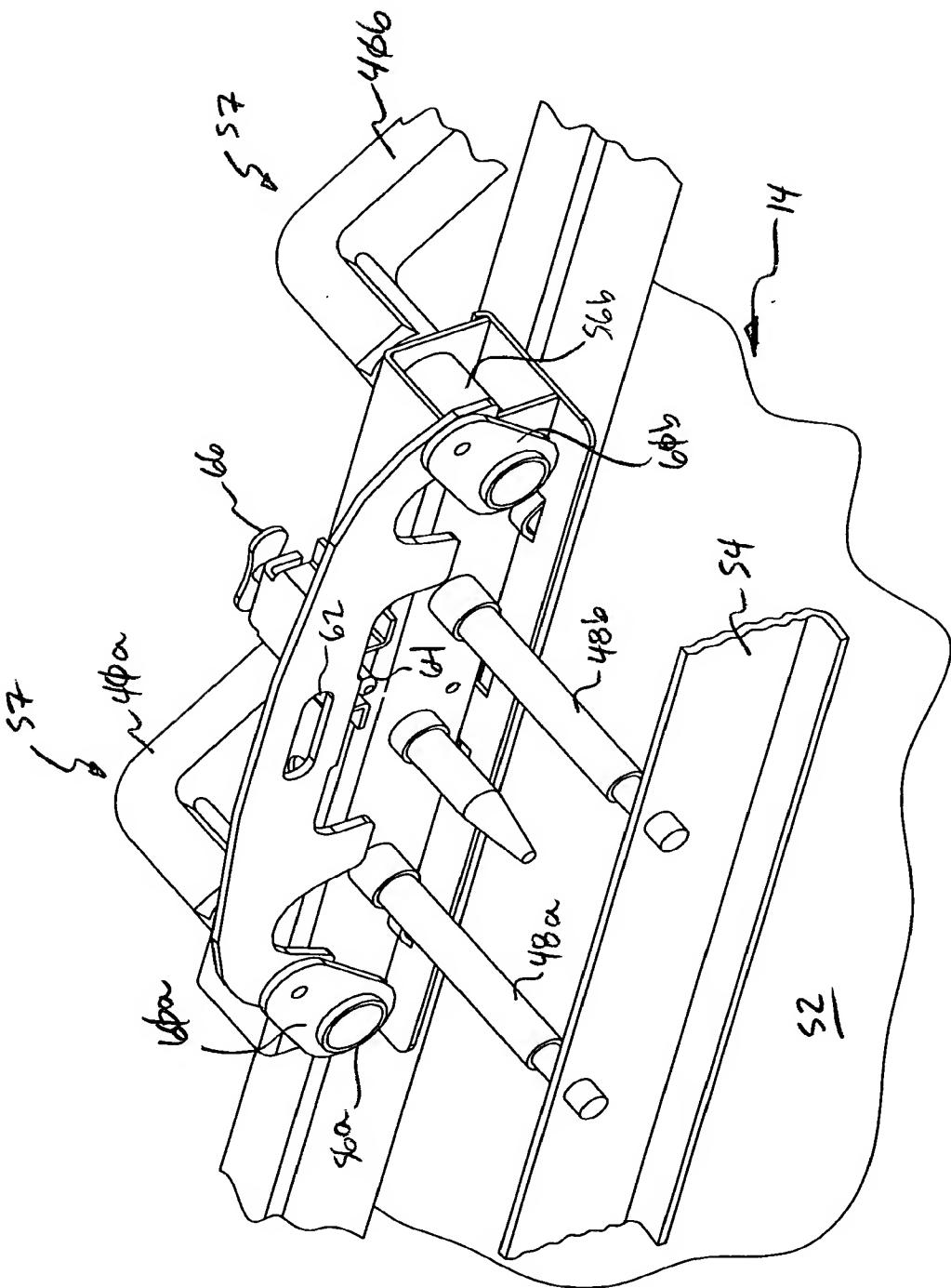


FIG. 7

**VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL  
FOR A BED**  
Inventors: Jeffrey A. Ruschke et al.  
Serial No.: Unknown  
Attorney Docket: 8266-1270  
Sheet 8 of 14



8

VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL  
FOR A BED  
Inventors: Jeffrey A. Ruschke et al.  
Serial No.: Unknown  
Attorney Docket: 8266-1270  
Sheet 9 of 14

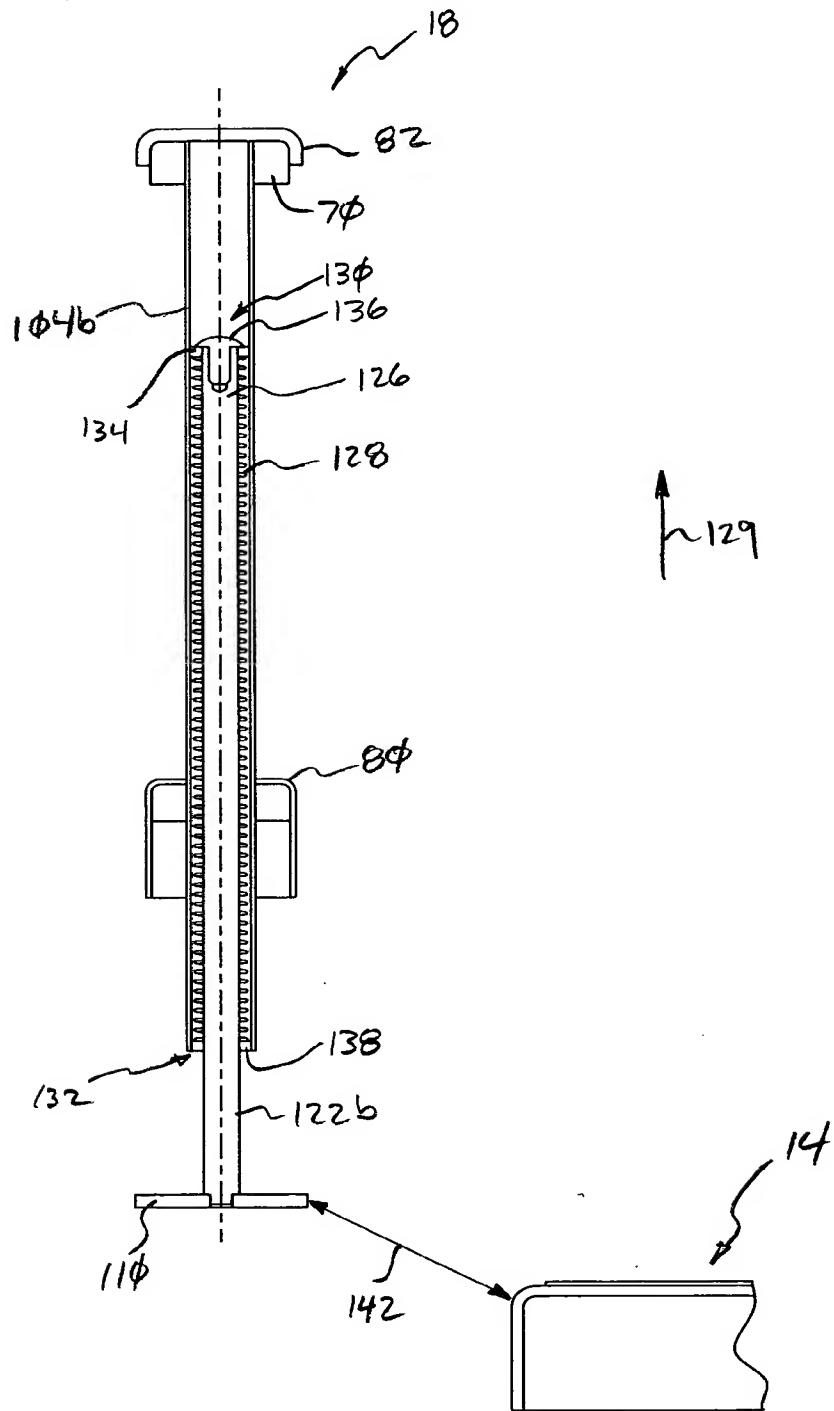
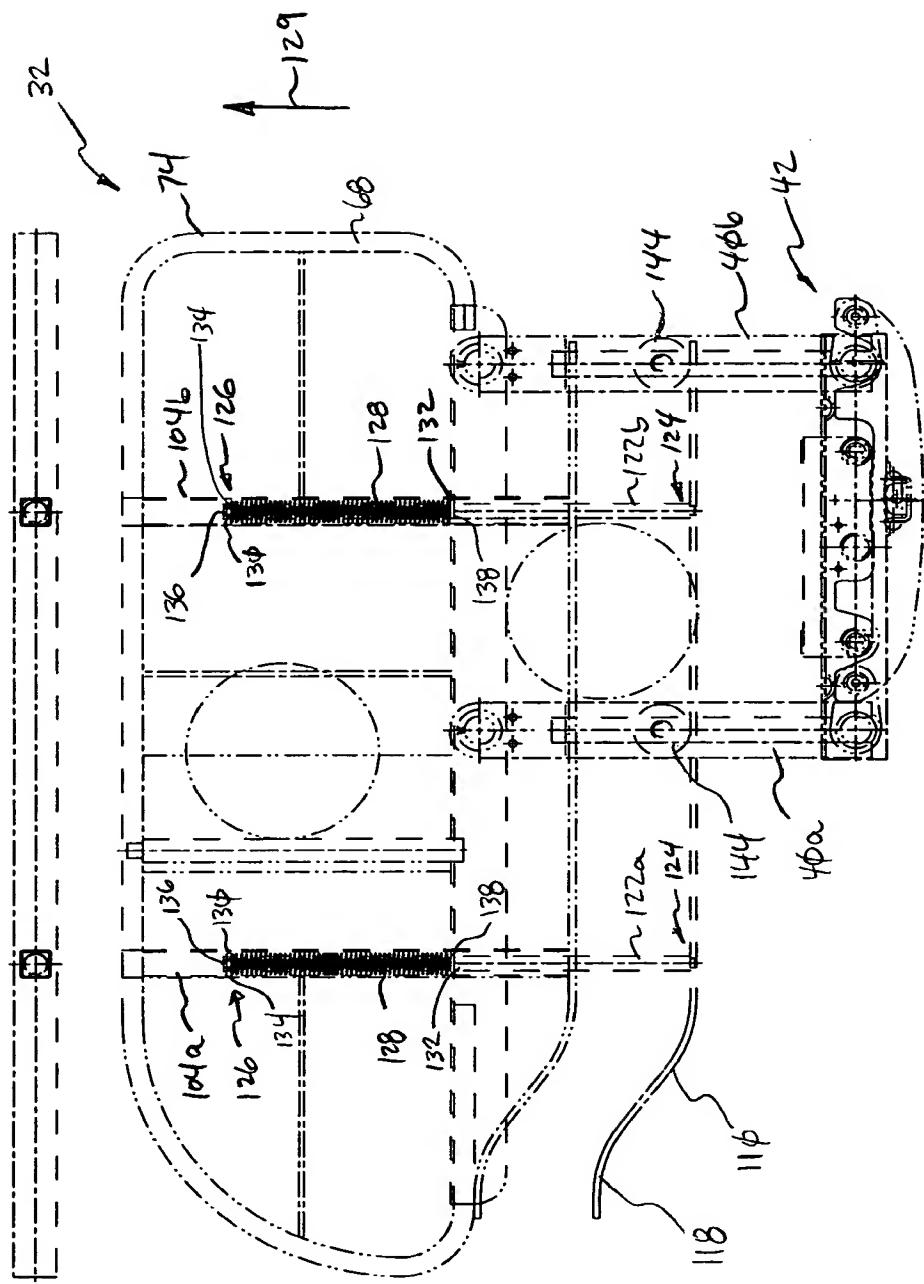


FIG. 9

VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL  
FOR A BED  
Inventors: Jeffrey A. Ruschke et al.  
Serial No.: Unknown  
Attorney Docket: 8266-1270  
Sheet 10 of 14



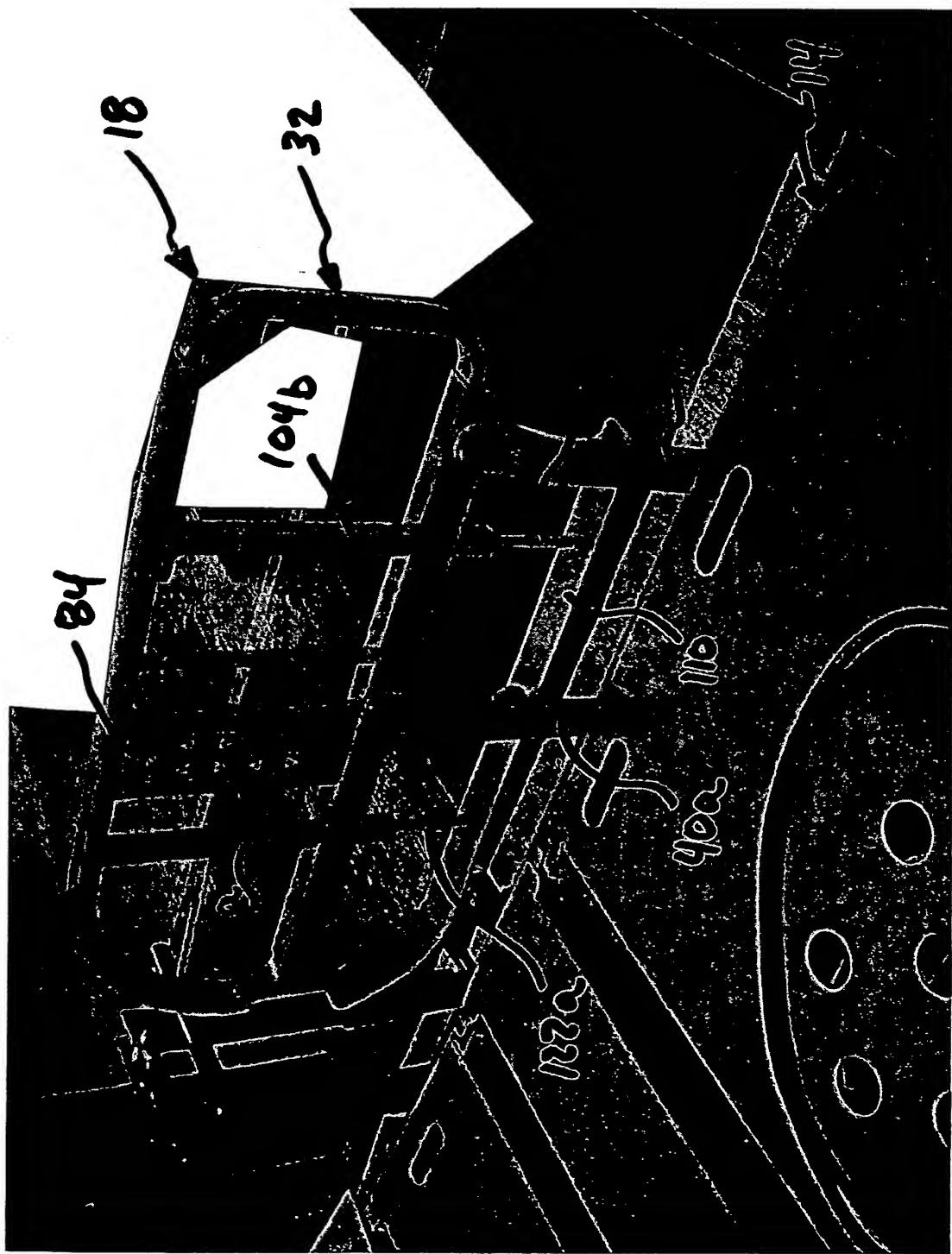


Fig. 11

## VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIR

FOR A BED  
Inventors: Jeffrey A. Ruschke et al.  
Serial No.: Unknown  
Attorney Docket: 8266-1270  
Sheet 12 of 14

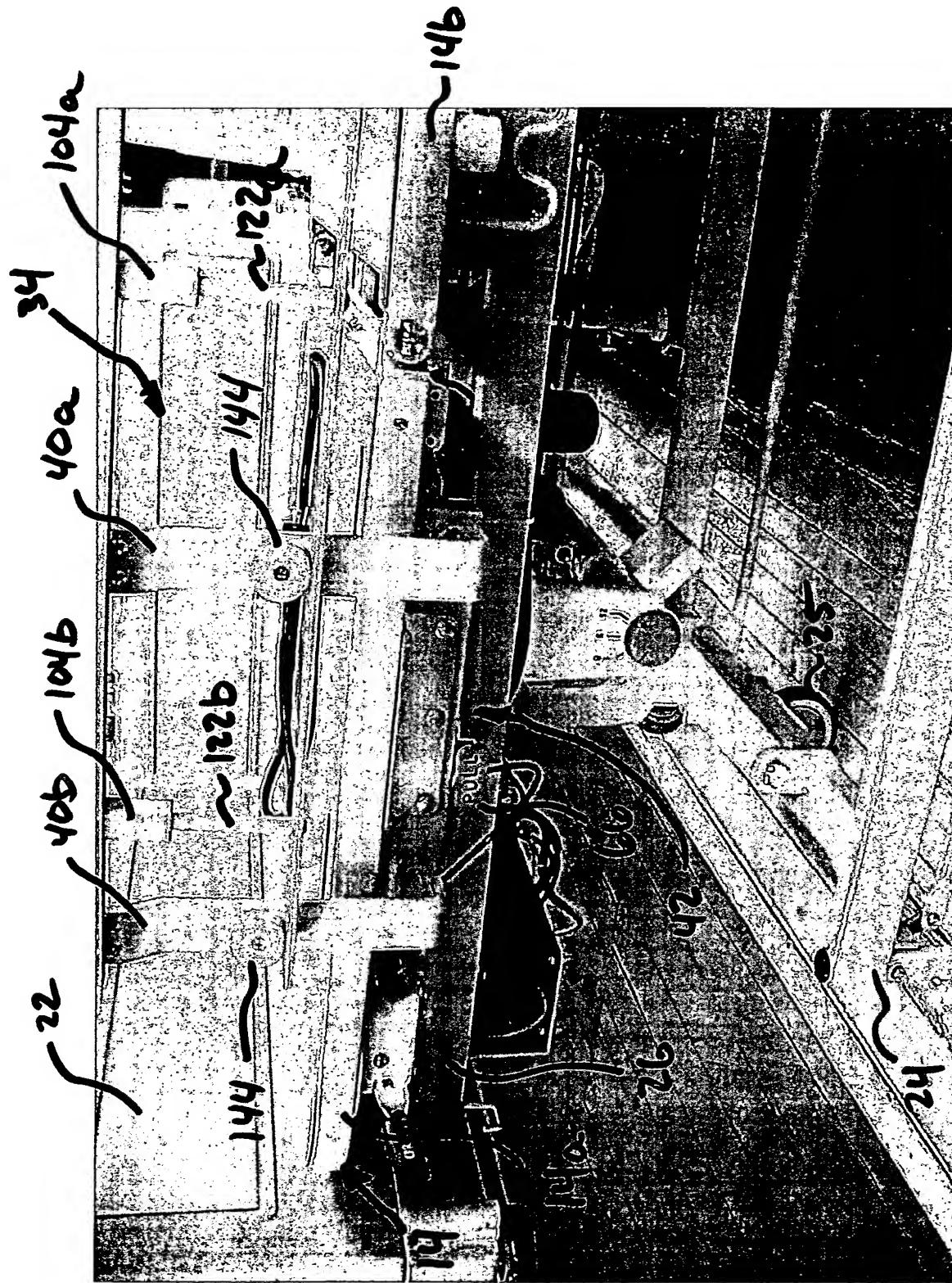


Fig. 12

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VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL  
FOR A BED  
Inventors: Jeffrey A. Ruschke  
Serial No.: Unknown  
Attorney Docket: 8266-1270  
Sheet 13 of 14

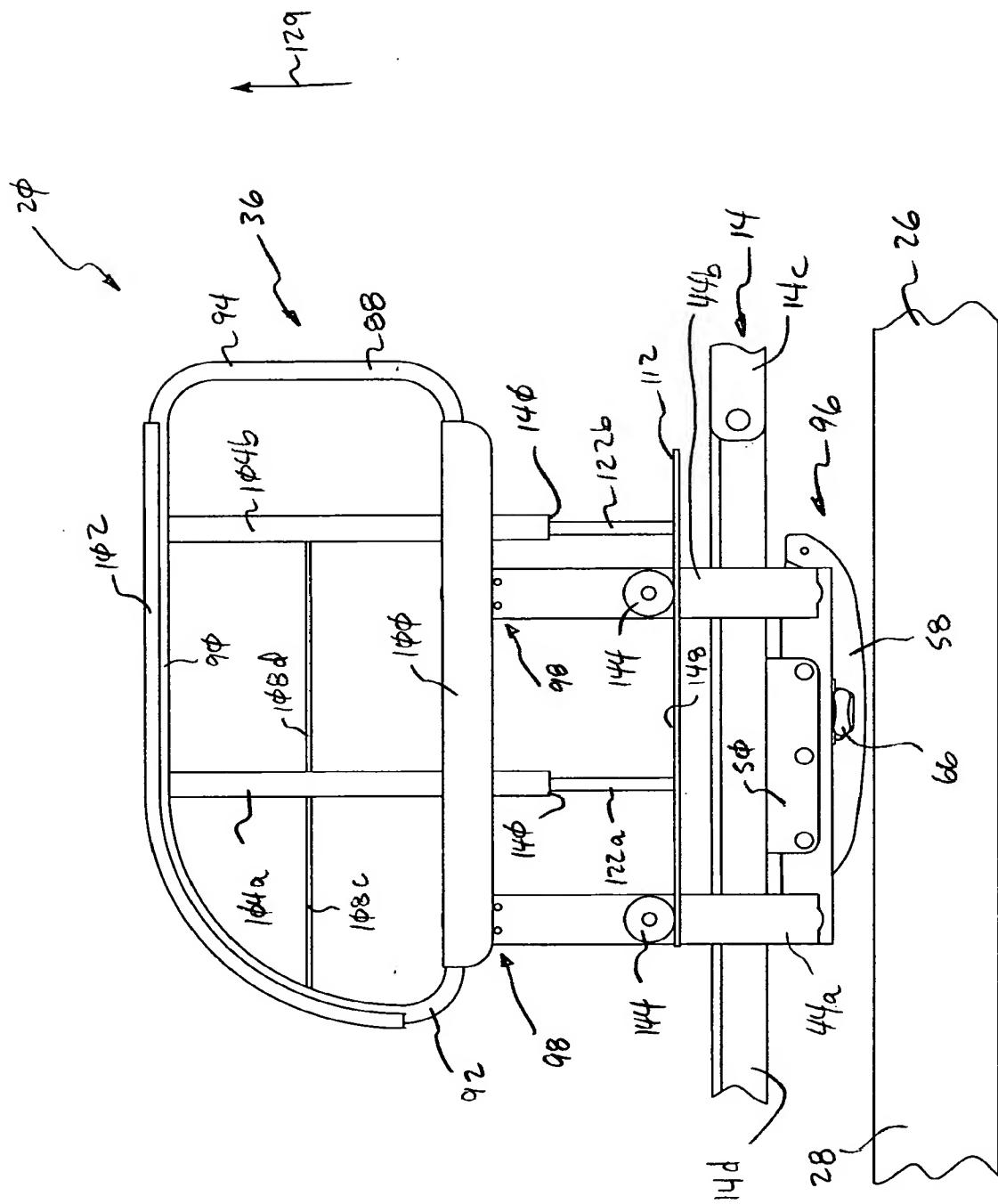


FIG. 13

VARIABLE HEIGHT SIDERAIL  
FOR A BED  
Inventors: Jeffrey A. Ruschke et al.  
Serial No.: Unknown  
Attorney Docket: 8266-1270  
Sheet 14 of 14

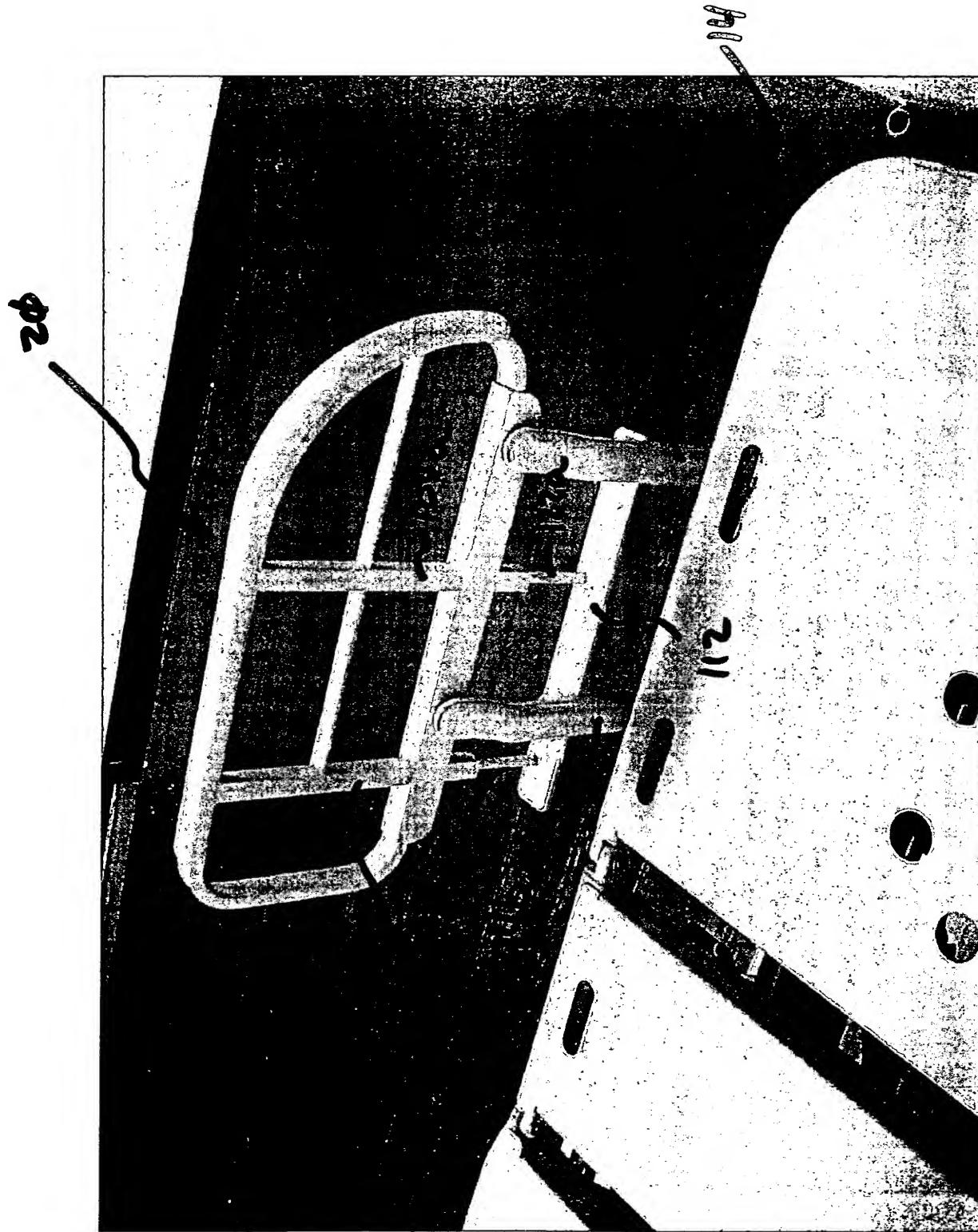


Fig. 14

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